

DOUBLE CATEGORIES VERSUS FACTORIZATION SYSTEMS

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SECOND VIRTUAL WORKSHOP
ON DOUBLE CATEGORIES

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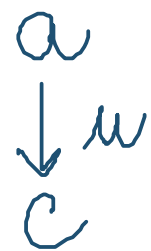
PLAN OF THE TALK

- ① • DOUBLE CATEGORIES
 - DBL CATS \leftrightarrow FACT. SYSTEMS
- ② • CODESCENT OBJECTS
 - LAX MORPHISM CLASSIFIERS
 - PINWHEELS

DEF) A **DOUBLE CATEGORY** X

CONSISTS OF • OBJECTS a, b, \dots

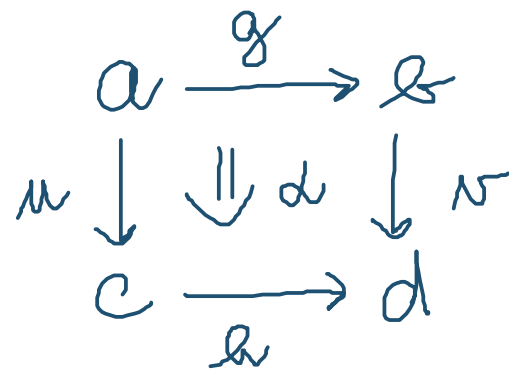
• VERTICAL MORPHISMS



• HORIZONTAL MORPHISMS



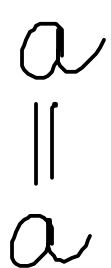
• SQUARES:



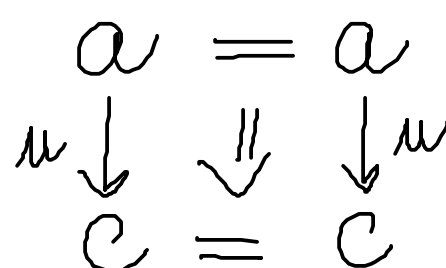
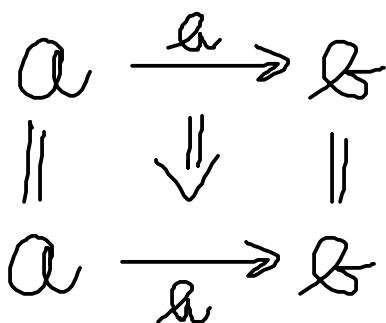
HAVE

• HORIZONTAL $\&$ VERTICAL COMP.

• HORIZONTAL $\&$ VERTICAL IDENTITIES

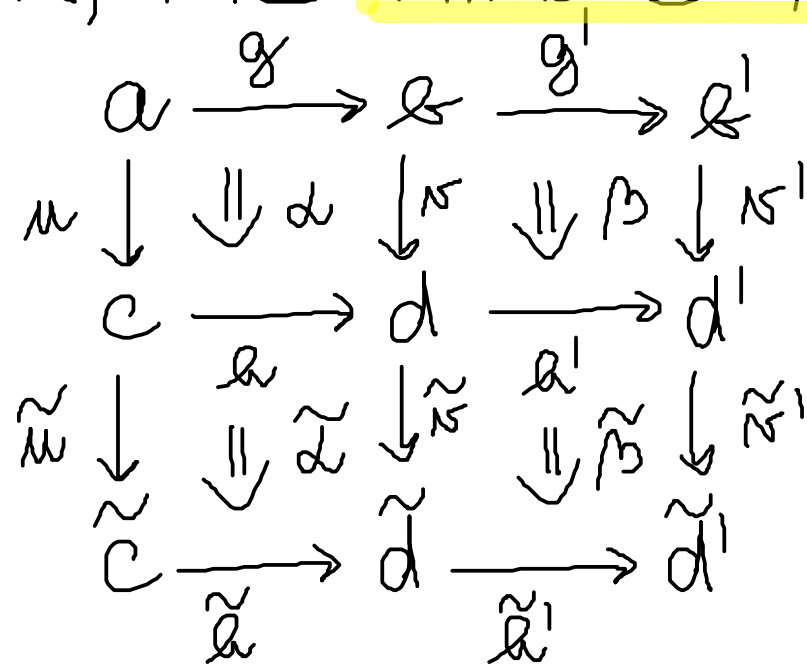


$$a = a$$



MOREOVER, THE MIDDLE-FOUR INTERCHANGE

HOLDS:



HAS UNIQUE
COMPOSITE

SPECIAL CASE: IF $\text{ob } X, \text{vmod } X, \text{hmod } X \cong *$

X IS COMMUTATIVE MONOID

(ECKMANN-HILTON ARGUMENT)

SPECIAL CASE: A CATEGORY \mathcal{C} :

OB: $\text{ob } \mathcal{C}$

HMOR: $\text{mor } \mathcal{C}$

VMOR: IDENTITIES

SQS: IDENTITIES

SPECIAL CASE: A 2-CATEGORY \mathcal{K} :

OB: $\text{ob } \mathcal{K}$

HMOR: $\text{mor } \mathcal{K}$

VMOR: $1_a, a \in \text{ob } \mathcal{C}$

SQS:
$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ \parallel & \Downarrow d & \parallel \\ a & \xrightarrow[h]{} & b \end{array}$$

$:=$ 2-CELL $d: g \Rightarrow h$
IN \mathcal{K}

DEF) A **DOUBLE FUNCTOR** $F : X \rightarrow Y$
 IS AN ASSIGNMENT

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & a \xrightarrow{g} b & \\
 X \ni & \begin{array}{ccc} m \downarrow & \Downarrow d & \downarrow n \\ c \xrightarrow{h} d \end{array} & \mapsto & \begin{array}{ccc} Fa \xrightarrow{Fg} Fb \\ Fu \downarrow & \Downarrow Fd & \downarrow Fv \\ Fc \xrightarrow{Fh} Fd \end{array} & \in Y
 \end{array}$$

PRESERVING ALL COMP, ALL IDS

\Rightarrow HAVE A CATEGORY **DbI**

• $\text{Cat}, 2\text{-Cat}$ EMBED* IN DbI

* IN MANY WAYS

DOUBLE CATEGORY OF COMMUTATIVE SQS

EXAMPLE LET \mathcal{C} CATEGORY. $Sq(\mathcal{C})$

S.T. OBJECTS: $Ob \in \mathcal{C}$

HMORS: $m \circ k \in \mathcal{C}$

VMORS: $m \circ k \in \mathcal{C}$

SQ:

$$\exists \begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ m \downarrow & \Downarrow d & \downarrow n \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array} \iff \begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ m \downarrow & & \downarrow n \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array} \text{ COMMUTES IN } \mathcal{C}$$

EXAMPLE $Pb Sq(\mathcal{C}) \cong Sq(\mathcal{C})$

- SUB-DOUBLE CAT'RY SPANNED BY PULLBACK SQUARES

DOUBLE CATEGORY OF COMMUTATIVE SQS

QUESTION: GIVEN c , WHAT PROPERTIES DOES $Sq(c)$ HAVE?

• IS **FLAT**:

IF
$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ m \downarrow & \Downarrow d & \downarrow n \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array}$$
 THEN $\alpha = \beta$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ m \downarrow & \Downarrow \beta & \downarrow n \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array}$$

• IS **INVARIANT**:

\forall
$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & & b \\ \theta \downarrow \cong & & \cong \downarrow \tau \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array}$$

$\exists!$
$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{\tilde{a}} & b \\ \theta \downarrow & \Downarrow \lambda & \downarrow \tau \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array}$$

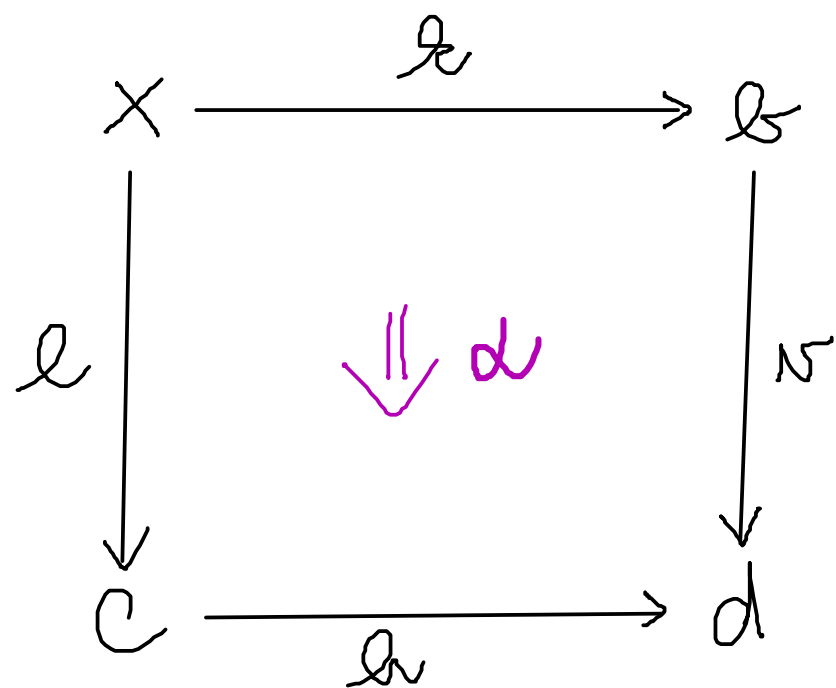
\rightarrow HERE $\tilde{a} := \tau^{-1} a \theta$

DOUBLE CATEGORY OF COMMUTATIVE SQS

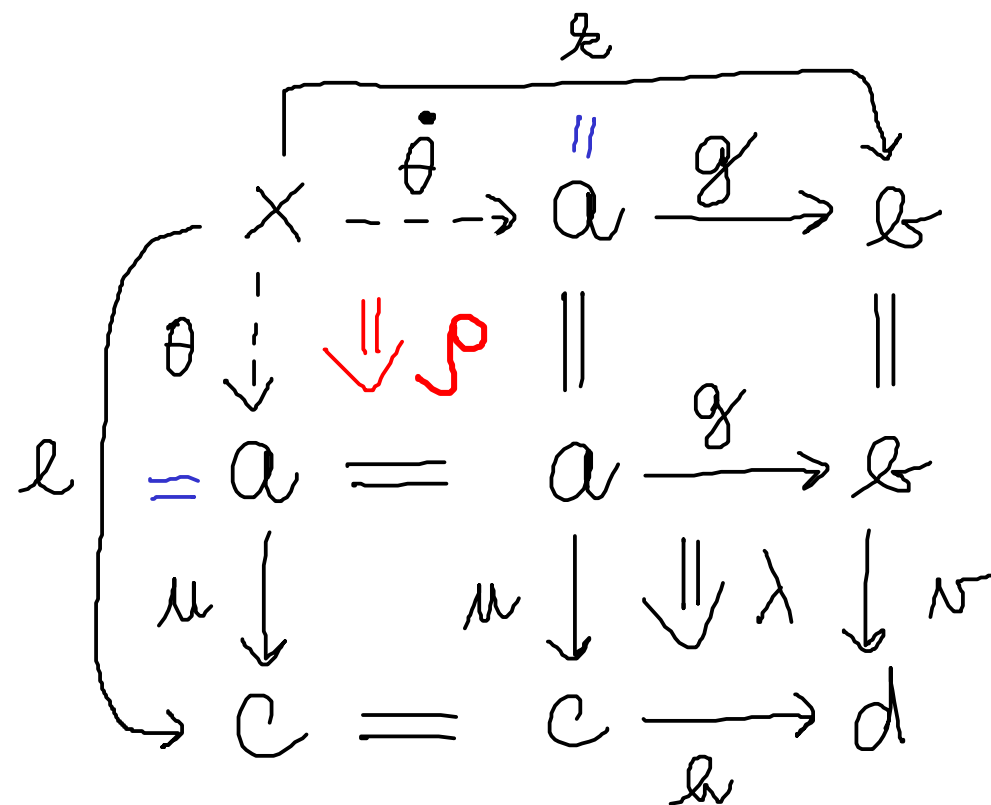
QUESTION: WHAT PROPERTIES DISTINGUISH A PULLBACK SQUARE FROM OTHER SQUARES IN $Sq(\mathcal{C})$?

SAY SQUARE λ IN DOUBLE CATEGORY \mathcal{X} IS (BOT-RIGHT) BICARTESIAN

IF $\forall \alpha \exists! \rho$ S.T.



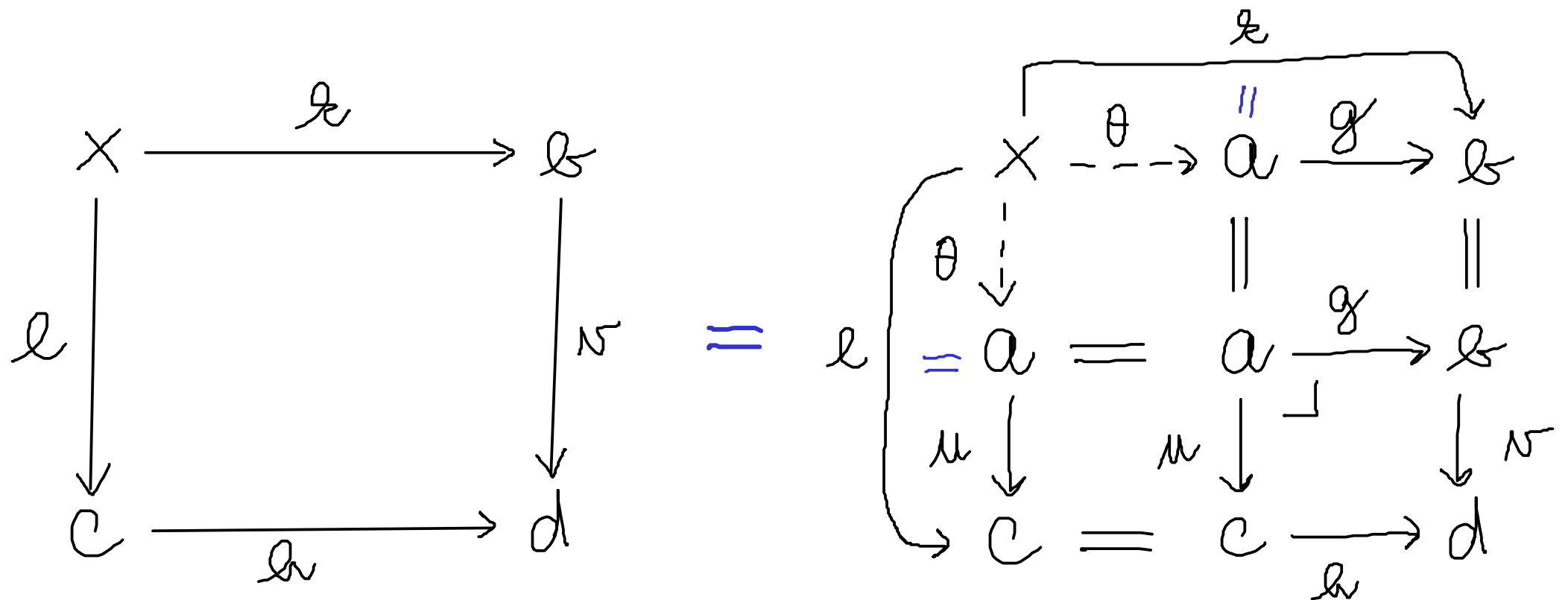
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DOUBLE CATEGORY OF COMMUTATIVE SQS

QUESTION: WHAT PROPERTIES DISTINGUISH A PULLBACK SQUARE FROM OTHER SQUARES IN $Sq(\mathcal{C})$?

IN $Sq(\mathcal{C})$ THIS MEANS: $\exists ! \theta$ S.T.



DOUBLE CATEGORY OF COMMUTATIVE SQS

WE KNOW THAT PULLBACK PROJECTIONS ARE JOINTLY MONIC:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 a & \xrightarrow{\pi_2} & b \\
 \pi_1 \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \nu \\
 c & \xrightarrow{\nu} & d
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \forall \theta, \tau: X \rightarrow a$$

$$\pi_1 \tau = \pi_1 \theta \quad \& \quad \pi_2 \tau = \pi_2 \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \tau = \theta$$

QUESTION: HOW TO SAY DOUBLE CAT'LLY?

SAY (π_1, π_2) IS JOINTLY MONIC IN X IF

$$\forall \theta \begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{\theta} & a \\
 \theta \downarrow & \Downarrow k_1 & \parallel \\
 a & = & a
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \tau \begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{\tau} & a \\
 \tau \downarrow & \Downarrow k_2 & \parallel \\
 a & = & a
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{IF } \begin{array}{l}
 \pi_1 \tau = \pi_1 \theta \\
 \pi_2 \tau = \pi_2 \theta
 \end{array}$$

THEN $\tau = \theta$

$$\tau = \theta$$

Strict factorization
systems

VERSUS

Double categories

DEF) **STRICT FACT SYSTEM** $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ ON e

$$\forall f \in \text{mor } e \quad \exists! e \in \mathcal{E} \quad \exists! m \in \mathcal{M}$$

$$\text{w/ } f = me$$

DEF) LET $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{M}') \text{ SFS ON } e' \\ (\mathcal{E}'', \mathcal{M}'') \text{ SFS ON } e'' \end{array} \right.$

MORPHISM OF SFS' $(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{M}') \rightarrow (\mathcal{E}'', \mathcal{M}'')$

IS FUNCTOR $F: e' \rightarrow e''$

$$\text{S.T. } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} F\mathcal{E}' \subseteq \mathcal{E}'' \\ F\mathcal{M}' \subseteq \mathcal{M}'' \end{array} \right.$$

\rightsquigarrow HAVE CATEGORY **SFS**

SPECIAL CASE: IF \mathcal{C} MONOID, THIS IS
ZAPPA-SZÉP PRODUCT

EXAMPLE $\mathcal{C} = GL_n(\mathbb{R})$

$\mathcal{E} = \{ \text{UPPER-TRIANGULAR MAT} \\ \text{W/ } > 0 \text{ DIAGONAL} \}$

$\mathcal{M} = \{ \text{ORTHOGONAL MATRICES} \}$
(QR DECOMPOSITION)

EXAMPLE $\mathcal{C} = A \times B$

$\mathcal{E} = \{ (f, 1_B) \mid f \in \text{mor } A, 1_B \in \text{ob } B \}$

$\mathcal{M} = \{ (1_A, g) \mid 1_A \in \text{ob } A, g \in \text{mor } B \}$

RARE \rightarrow

$$(f, g) = (1, g) \circ (f, 1)$$

EXAMPLE

$$\mathcal{C} = \text{Set}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \{ \text{SURJECTIONS} \}$$

$$\mathcal{M} = \{ \text{SUBSET INCLUSIONS} \}$$

DIGRESSION — SOME FACTS:

FACT: IN SFS $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$, NECESSARILY

$$\mathcal{E} \cap \mathcal{M} = \{ \text{IDENTITIES OF } \mathcal{C} \}$$

DIGRESSION CONTINUED

FACT: IF WE IDENTIFY

CATEGORIES \leftrightarrow MONADS IN $\text{Span}(\text{Set})$

THEN:

STRICT FS' \leftrightarrow DISTRIBUTIVE LAWS

FACT: THEY ARE **STRICT** ALGEBRAS

FOR THE SQUARING 2-MONAD

$$e \mapsto e^{\sharp} = \text{Cat}(\mathbb{2}, e)$$

FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

CONTAIN ALL OBJECTS OF \mathcal{C}

ASSUME HAVE CAT'RY \mathcal{C} & TWO WIDE SUBCATEGORIES $\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M} \subseteq \mathcal{C}$

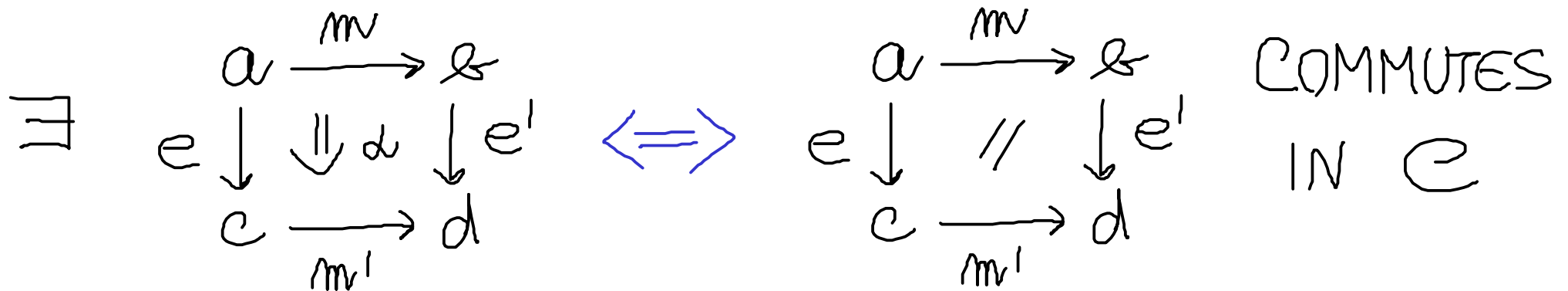
CONSTRUCT A DOUBLE CAT'RY $D_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}}$

S.T. OBJECTS: $Ob \mathcal{C}$

HMORS: $mor \mathcal{M}$

VMORS: $mor \mathcal{E}$

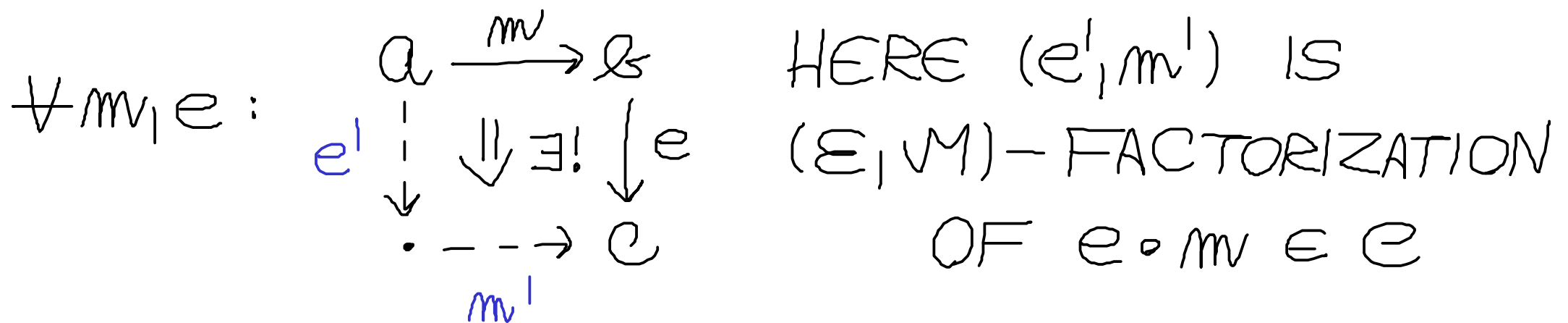
SQUARES: COMMUTATIVE SQUARES



FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

GIVEN SFS (ε, μ) ON e .

QUESTION: WHAT PROPERTIES DOES
 $D_{\varepsilon, \mu}$ HAVE ?



- THIS PROPERTY FULLY CHARACTERIZES
 $X \in \text{DBL}$ THAT ARE OF FORM $D_{\varepsilon, \mu}$
FOR A SFS (ε, μ) ON e

FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

CALL A DOUBLE CAT X **CODOMAIN-DISCRETE**

$$\text{IF } \forall \begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ & & \downarrow u \\ & & c \end{array} \quad \exists! \begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ \downarrow & \Downarrow d & \downarrow u \\ \cdot & \longrightarrow & c \end{array}$$

(THE CODOMAIN FUNCTOR $d_0 : X_1 \rightarrow X_0$
IS A DISCRETE OPFIBRATION)

DENOTE **CoDDisc** $\subseteq_{\text{FULL}} \text{DBL}$

FACT: $D : \text{SFS} \rightarrow \text{CoDDisc}$
IS AN EQUIVALENCE OF CATS

FS \leftarrow DBL

GIVEN A **CODOMAIN-DISCRETE** DOUBLE CAT X
 CONSTRUCT **CHK(X)** W/ **OB**: obX

MOR:
$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & & \\ \mu \downarrow & & \\ b & \xrightarrow{g} & c \end{array}$$

IDS:
$$\begin{array}{c} a \\ \parallel \\ a = a \end{array}$$

COMPOSITION: $(\nu, h) \circ (\mu, g) = (\tilde{\nu} \circ \mu, h \circ \tilde{g})$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & & \\ \mu \downarrow & & \\ b & \xrightarrow{g} & c \\ & & \downarrow \nu \\ & & d \xrightarrow{h} e \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & & \\ \mu \downarrow & & \\ b & \xrightarrow{g} & c \\ \tilde{\nu} \downarrow & \Downarrow \exists! & \downarrow \nu \\ X & \xrightarrow{\tilde{g}} & d \xrightarrow{h} e \end{array}$$

PROPERTIES OF $\text{Cht}(X)$ (1/2):

① $\text{Cht}(X)$ ADMITS A STRICT FS $(\mathcal{E}_X, \mathcal{M}_X)$:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} a \\ \downarrow w \\ \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B} \end{array} \middle| w \text{ VMOR} \right\} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{c} a \\ \parallel \\ a \xrightarrow{g} \mathcal{B} \end{array} \middle| \mathcal{B} \text{ HMOR} \right\}$$

PF:

$$\begin{array}{c} a \\ \downarrow w \\ \mathcal{B} \end{array} \xrightarrow{g} \mathcal{C}$$

=

$$\begin{array}{c} a \\ \downarrow w \\ \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B} \\ \parallel \\ \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B} \end{array} \xrightarrow{g} \mathcal{C}$$

$\exists!$

□

PROPERTIES OF $\text{Chk}(X)$ (2/2):

② SQUARES IN X "COMMUTE" IN $\text{Chk}(X)$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 a \xrightarrow{mv} b & & a \xrightarrow{(1, mv)} b \\
 e \downarrow \Downarrow d \downarrow e' & \Rightarrow & (e, 1) \downarrow \parallel \downarrow (e', 1) \\
 c \xrightarrow{mv'} d & & c \xrightarrow{(1, mv')} d
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{IN } \text{Chk}(X)$$

& $\text{Chk}(X)$ IS "UNIVERSAL" W/ THIS PROPERTY

PF:

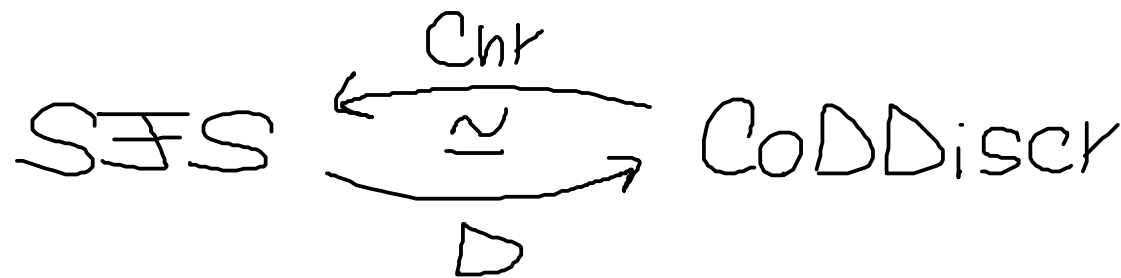
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 a & & a \\
 \parallel & & \parallel \\
 a \xrightarrow{mv} b & \rightsquigarrow & a \xrightarrow{mv} b \\
 \downarrow e' & & e \downarrow \Downarrow d \downarrow e' \\
 d = d & & c \xrightarrow{mv} d = d \\
 & & \rightsquigarrow \\
 & & a \\
 & & \downarrow e \\
 & & c \xrightarrow{mv} d
 \end{array}$$

□

FS \leftrightarrow DBL

HAVE A FUNCTOR $C_{NF} : \text{CoDDiscr} \rightarrow \text{SFS}$
 $X \mapsto (\mathcal{E}_X, \mathcal{M}_X)$

THEOREM THE FUNCTOR D IS AN EQUIVALENCE W/ EQUIV. INVERSE C_{NF}



STRICT FACT.
SYSTEMS

\simeq

CODOMAIN-DISCR
DOUBLE
CATEGORIES

Orthogonal factorization
systems

VERSUS

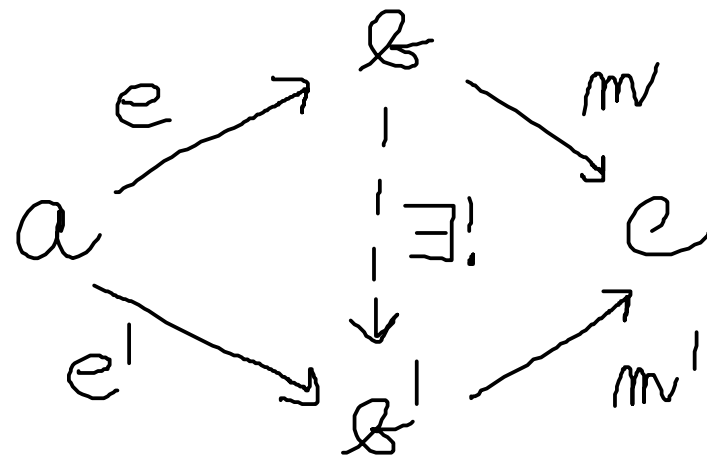
Double categories

DEF) AN **ORTHOGONAL FACT. SYSTEM**

ON \mathcal{C} IS TWO WIDE SUBCATS \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}

S.T. ① $\forall f \in \text{Mor } \mathcal{C} \exists e \in \mathcal{E} \exists m \in \mathcal{M}:$
 $w/ f = me$

AND THIS FACT IS UNIQUE **UP TO ISO**:



② $\mathcal{E} \cap \mathcal{M} = \{ \text{ISOMORPHISMS OF } \mathcal{C} \}$

↪ AGAIN HAVE CAT'RY **OFS**

EXAMPLE Set, $\mathcal{E} = \{ \text{SURJECTIONS} \}$
 $\mathcal{M} = \{ \text{INJECTIONS} \}$

FACT: ANY STRICT FS $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ ON \mathcal{C}
INDUCES ORTHOG. FS $(\tilde{\mathcal{E}}, \tilde{\mathcal{M}})$ ON \mathcal{C}

IF WE PUT: $\tilde{\mathcal{E}} := \{ i_e \mid e \in \mathcal{E}, i_e \in \mathcal{C} \text{ ISO} \}$

$\tilde{\mathcal{M}} := \{ m_i \mid m \in \mathcal{M}, i \in \mathcal{C} \text{ ISO} \}$

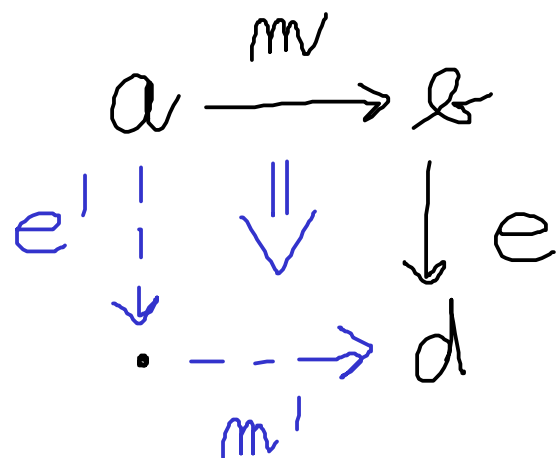
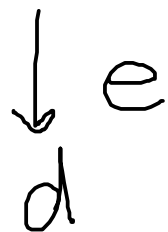
FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

LET $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ BE AN ORTHOG. FS ON E .

QUESTION: WHAT PROPERTIES DOES

$D_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}}$ HAVE ?

① EVERY $a \xrightarrow{mv} \&$ CAN BE FILLED.



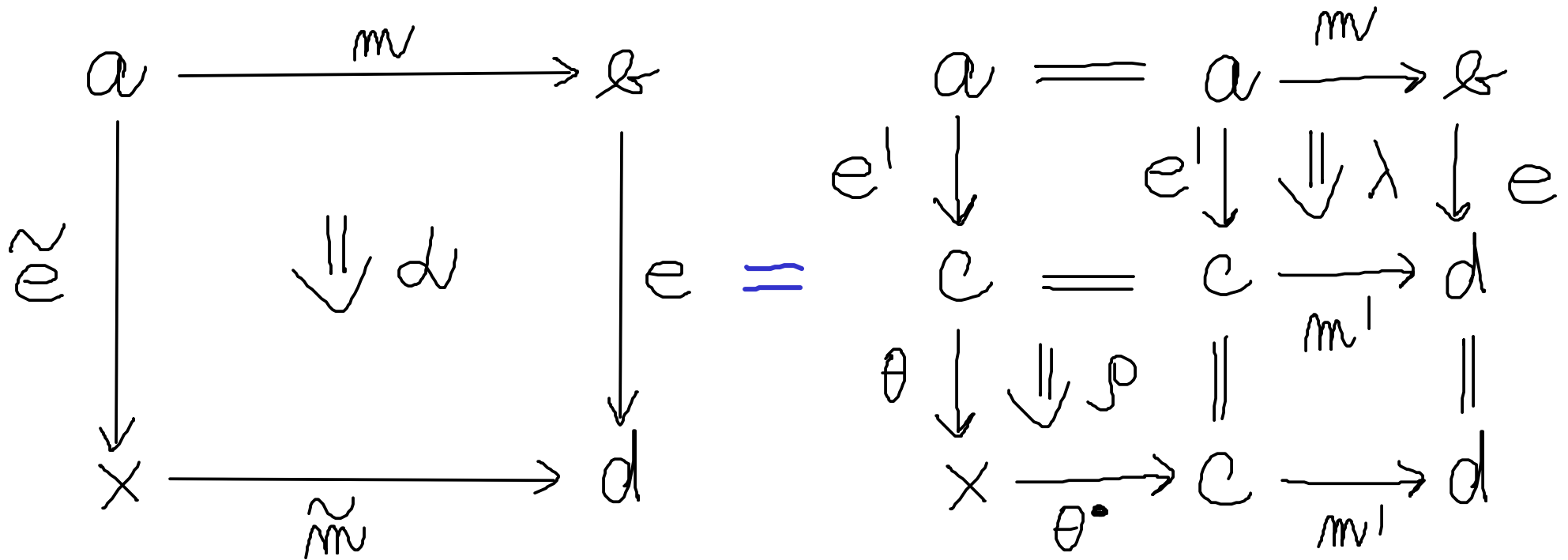
HERE (e', m') IS THE
 $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ -FACTORIZATION
 OF $e \circ mv \in E$

\rightarrow NO LONGER UNIQUE!

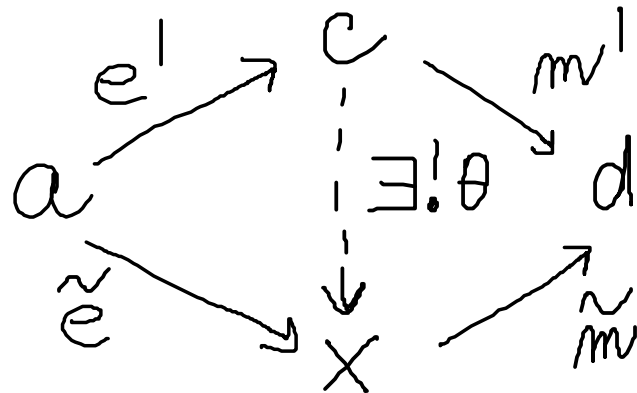
FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

② EVERY SQUARE IN $D_{\varepsilon, \mu}$ IS

(TOP-RIGHT) BICARTESIAN: $\forall d \exists! \rho$:



TRANSLATES TO (SINCE $\theta^\circ = \theta^{-1}$):

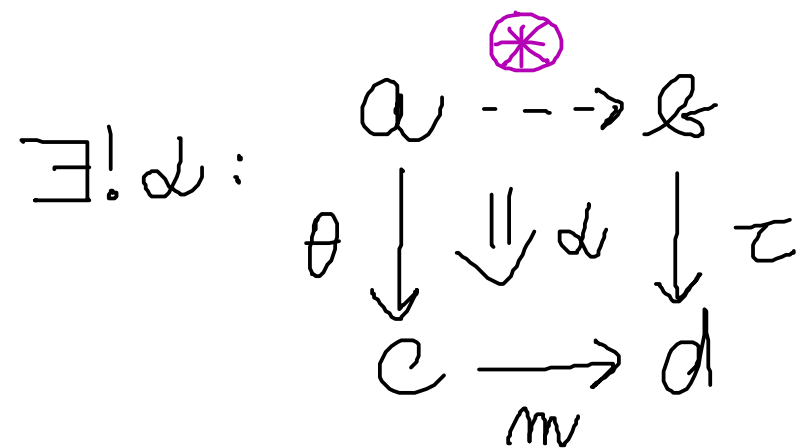
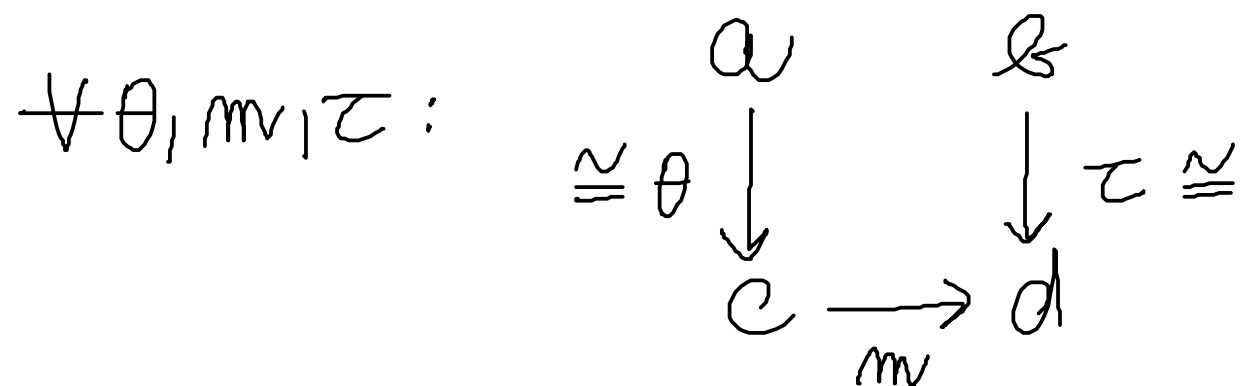


INTUITION:

"VERTICALLY OPPOSITE
PULLBACK SQS"

FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

③ $D\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{U}\mathcal{M}}$ IS INVARIANT:



\circledast MUST EQUAL $\tau^{-1} \circ mv \circ \theta \in \text{MOR } \mathcal{C}$

DOES BELONG TO $\mathcal{U}\mathcal{M}$?

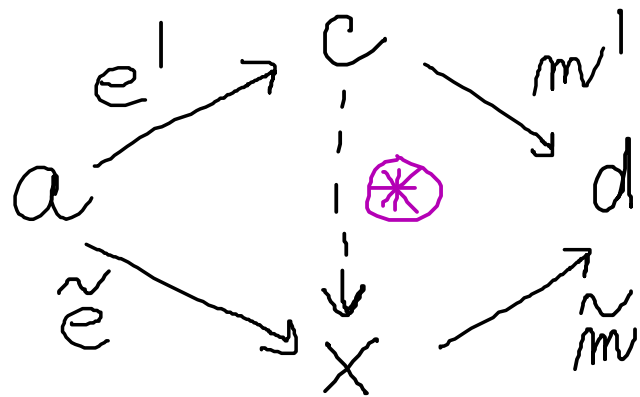
YES SINCE τ^{-1}, θ, mv DO.

FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

VERTICAL DUAL
↓

④ EVERY $\begin{array}{ccc} & \rightarrow & \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \end{array}$ CORNER IN $D_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}}^{\mathcal{N}}$
IS JOINTLY MONIC.

- FOLLOWS FROM THE FACT THAT



IF θ, τ MAKE \ast
COMMUTE,
THEN $\theta = \tau$

FS \rightsquigarrow DBL

DEF) CALL X AN **ORTHOGONAL FACTORIZATION
DOUBLE CATEGORY**

IF ① EVERY $\begin{array}{ccc} \cdot & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \cdot \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & & \cdot \end{array}$ CAN BE FILLED

② EVERY SQUARE IS TOP-RIGHT BICART.

③ X IS INVARIANT $\cong \begin{array}{ccc} \cdot & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \cdot \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & & \cdot \end{array} \cong$

④ EVERY $\begin{array}{ccc} \cdot & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \cdot \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & & \cdot \end{array}$ JOINTLY MONIC IN X^{op}

DENOTE **FactDBL** \subseteq_{FULL} DBL

FACT: $D: \text{OFS} \rightarrow \text{FactDBL}$

IS AN EQUIVALENCE OF CATS

FS \leftarrow DBL

GIVEN A DOUBLE CATEGORY X SATISFYING ①, ②,
 CONSTRUCT $\text{Cnr}(X)$ W/ $\text{OB}: \text{ob}X$

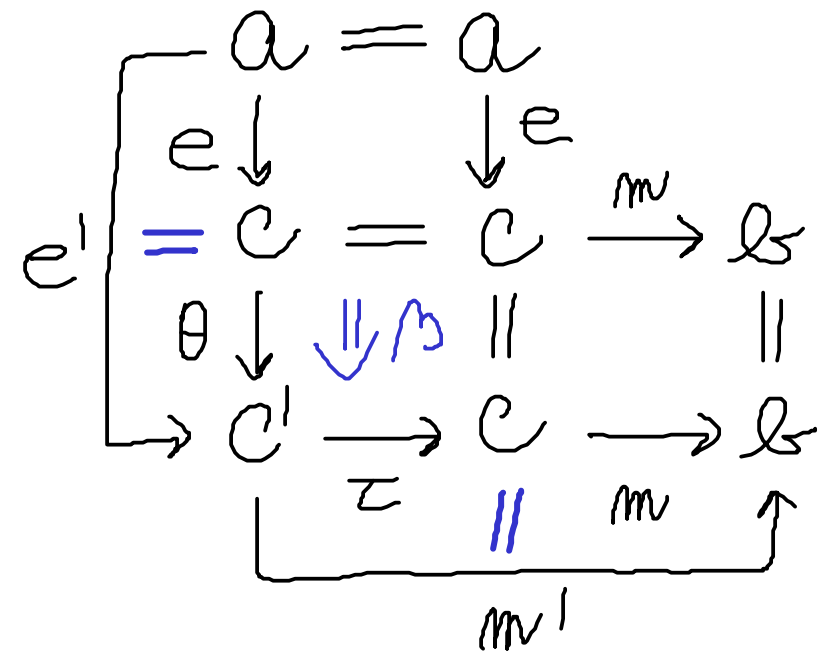
MOR: EQUIVALENCE
 CLASS OF
 CORNERS

IDS: $[1_a, 1_a]$

$[e, m]$

HERE $(e, m) \sim (e', m')$ IF $\exists \beta:$

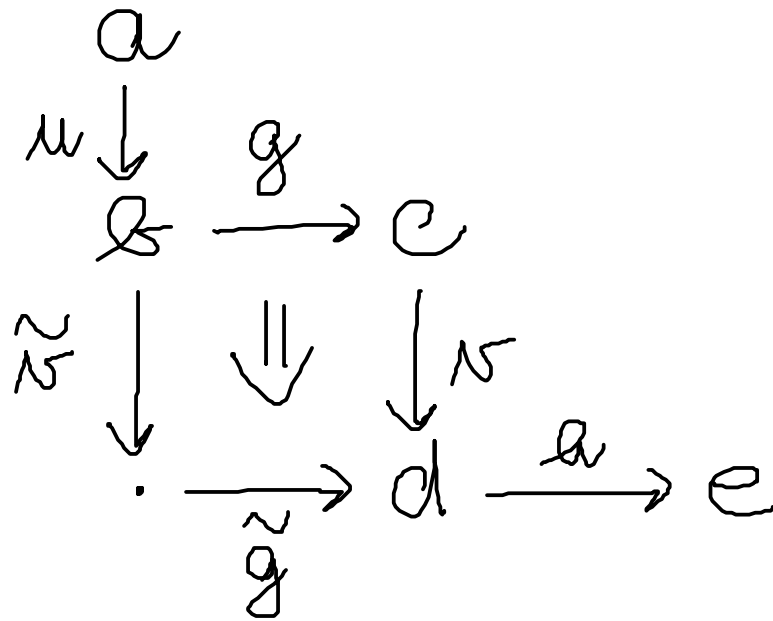
- SUCH β IS
- UNIQUE
 - INVERTIBLE



FS \leftarrow DBL

COMPOSITION: $[\nu, a] \circ [\mu, g] := [\tilde{\nu} \circ \mu, h \circ \tilde{g}]$

CHOOSE:

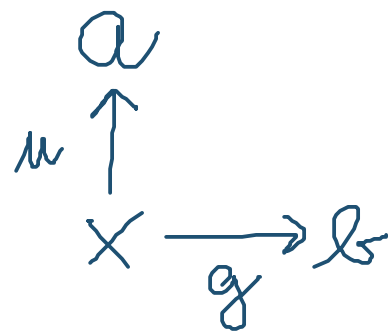


EXAMPLES OF $\text{Cnr}(X)$ (1/3):

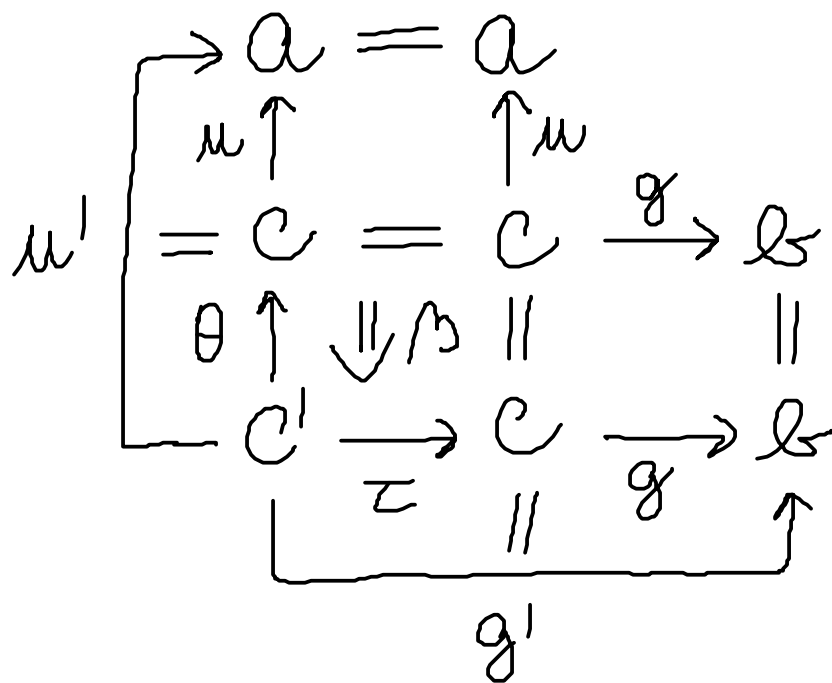
EXAMPLE \mathcal{C} CAT'RY W/ PBS, ↙ VERTICAL DUAL
 CONSIDER $\text{PbSq}(\mathcal{C})^N$

$\text{Cnr}(\text{PbSq}(\mathcal{C})^N)$ **OB:** $ob \mathcal{C}$

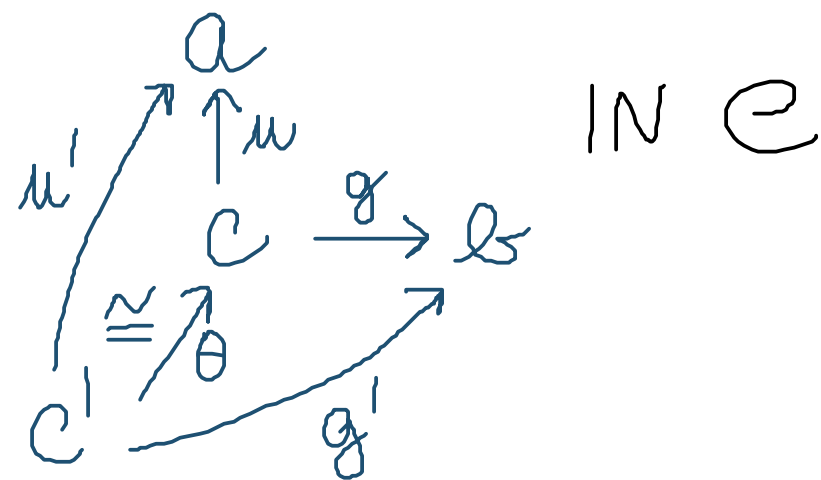
MOR: EQUIV CLASSES



NOTE:



$\Leftrightarrow \theta = \tau$ ISO &

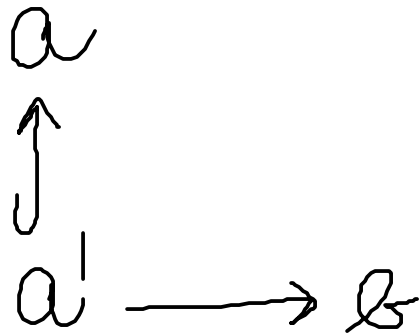


$$\Rightarrow \text{Cnr}(\text{PbSq}(\mathcal{C})^N) \cong \text{Span}(\mathcal{C})$$

EXAMPLES OF $\text{C}_{\text{NY}}(X)$ (2/3):

EXAMPLE $\text{MPbSg}_q(\mathcal{C}) \subseteq \text{PbSg}_q(\mathcal{C})$ WHOSE
VERTICAL MORPHISMS ARE MONOMORPHISMS

$$\text{C}_{\text{NY}}(\text{MPbSg}_q(\mathcal{C})^{\text{N}}) \cong \text{P}_{\text{NY}}(\mathcal{C}) \quad \text{PARTIAL MAPS IN } \mathcal{C}$$



MAP IS **TOTAL** IF $\begin{array}{ccc} a & & \\ \parallel & & \\ a & \longrightarrow & b \end{array}$

EXAMPLES OF $\text{CHK}(X)$ (3/3):

EXAMPLE HAVE A DOUBLE CAT'RY **BOFIB**

W/ **OBJECTS**: SMALL CATEGORIES

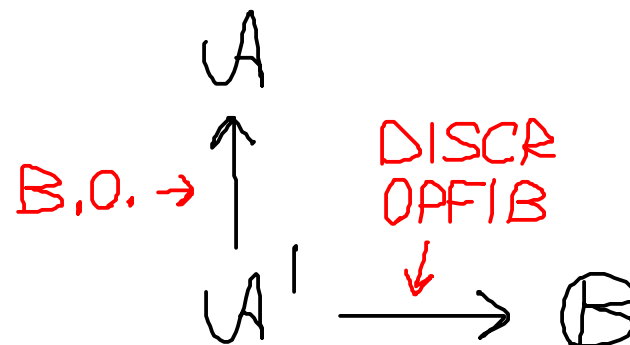
HMORS: DISCRETE OPFIBS

VMORS: (BIJECTIONS ON OBJECTS)^{OP}

SQUARE: COMMUTATIVE SQS

$\text{CHK}(\text{BOFIB}) \cong \text{CoF}$ CATEGORIES &
COFUNCTORS

- EVERY COFUNCTOR CAN BE
PRESENTED AS:



FS \leftarrow DBL

PROP LET X FACT. DOUBLE CAT'RY.

THE TWO CLASSES

$$\mathcal{E}_X = \{ [w, 1] \mid w \text{ VMOR IN } X \}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_X = \{ [1, q] \mid q \text{ HMOR IN } X \}$$

FORM AN ORTHOGONAL FS ON $\text{Cht}(X)$.

FS \leftarrow DBL

PROP LET X FACT. DOUBLE CAT'RY.

THE TWO CLASSES

$$\mathcal{E}_X = \{ [w, 1] \mid w \text{ VMOR IN } X \}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_X = \{ [1, w] \mid w \text{ HMOR IN } X \}$$

FORM AN ORTHOGONAL FS ON $\text{Chk}(X)$.

PROOF: ① EVERY $\begin{array}{c} \cdot \rightarrow \cdot \\ \downarrow \end{array}$ CAN BE FILLED

② EVERY SQUARE IS TOP-RIGHT BICART.

\rightarrow USED TO CONSTRUCT $\text{Chk}(X)$

③ X IS INVARIANT $\cong \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \rightarrow \downarrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} \cong$

\rightarrow USED TO PROVE $\mathcal{E}_X \cap \mathcal{M}_X = \{ \text{ISOS} \}$

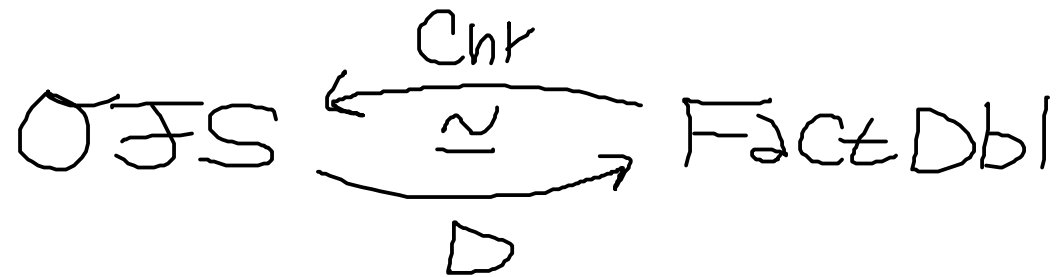
④ EVERY $\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \rightarrow \cdot \\ \downarrow \end{array}$ JOINTLY MONIC IN X

\rightarrow USED TO PROVE $\mathcal{E}_X \perp \mathcal{M}_X$

□

FS \Leftrightarrow DBL

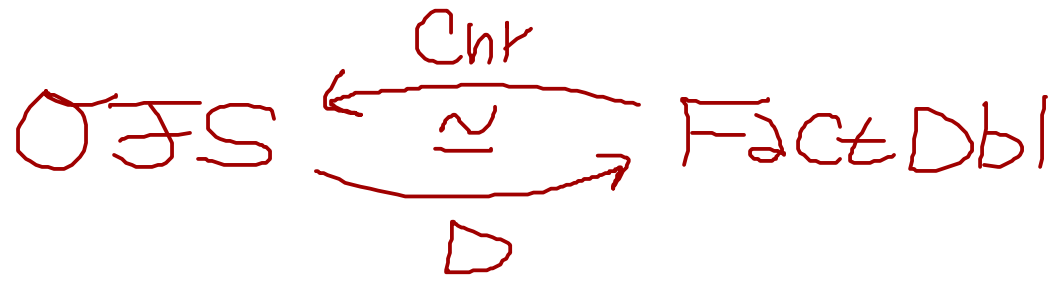
THEOREM THE FUNCTOR D IS AN EQUIVALENCE W/ EQUIV. INVERSE C_{HK}



ORTHOG. FACT.
SYSTEMS

\sim

FACTORIZATION
DOUBLE
CATEGORIES



EXAMPLES

$\text{Pak}(e)$



$\text{MPbSq}(e)$

Cof



BOFIB

NON-EXAMPLES

$\text{Span}(e) \dots \text{PbSq}(e)^{\text{N}}$

LACKS JOINT MONICITY

END OF

PART 1

Codescent objects

VERSUS

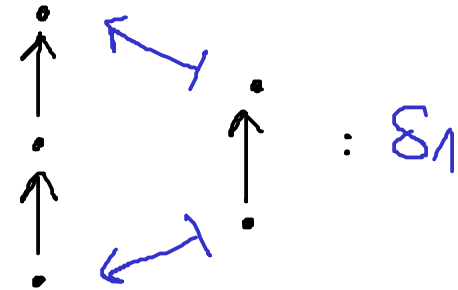
Double categories

SIMPLICIAL NOTATION

DEF) $[n] := \{0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow n\} \in \text{Cat}$

DEFINE SUBCATEGORY OF Cat :

$$\Delta_2 := [2] \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{\delta_2} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_1} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_0} \end{array} [1] \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{\delta_0} \\ \xleftarrow{\sigma_0} \\ \xleftarrow{\delta_0} \end{array} [0]$$

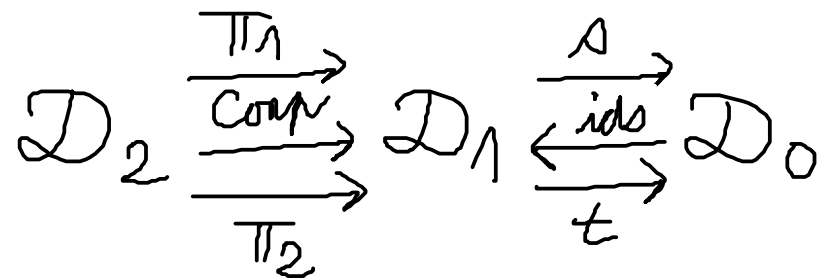
HERE $\delta_j^{-1}(j) = \emptyset$ I.E.  : δ_1

HAVE CANONICAL FUNCTOR $W: \Delta_2 \hookrightarrow \text{Cat}$

DIAGRAM $X: \Delta_2^{\text{OP}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ **COHERENCE DATA**

$W * X$ IS CALLED THE **CODESCENT OBJECT**

EXAMPLE \mathcal{D} SMALL CATEGORY,



COHERENCE DATA
IN Set

- CAN EMBED IT IN Cat
VIA Discr : Set \rightarrow Cat

EXAMPLE X DOUBLE CATEGORY, GIVES

$$X_2 \rightrightarrows X_1 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{d_1} \\ \xleftarrow{s} \\ \xrightarrow{d_0} \end{array} X_0 \quad \text{COH DATA IN Cat}$$

- X_0 CAT'RY OF OBJECTS, VMORS
- X_1 CAT'RY OF HMORS, SQUARES

FOR EXAMPLE:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} a \xrightarrow{g} b & d_0 & b \\ \mu \downarrow \Downarrow d \downarrow \nu & \rightarrow & \downarrow \nu \\ c \xrightarrow{h} d & & d \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} a & s & a = a \\ \mu \downarrow & \rightarrow & \mu \downarrow \Downarrow 1_\mu \downarrow \mu \\ c & & c = c \end{array}$$

CAN PROVE: IF $X : \Delta_2^{OP} \rightarrow \text{Cat DBL CAT}$,

- A (W-WEIGHTED) COCONE WITH APEX \mathcal{C} IS A PAIR $(F : X_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{C}, \xi : \mathcal{L}(X) \rightarrow \mathcal{C})$ OF FUNCTORS W/ $\text{ob } F = \text{ob } \xi$

S.T.

$$\exists \begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{g} & b \\ \downarrow m & \Downarrow d & \downarrow n \\ c & \xrightarrow{h} & d \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} Fa & \xrightarrow{\xi(g)} & Fb \\ Fm \downarrow & // & \downarrow Fn \\ Fc & \xrightarrow{\xi(h)} & Fd \end{array} \text{ IN } \mathcal{C}$$

- IT IS A COLIMIT COCONE IF

$\forall (G, \psi) \exists ! \theta :$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} X_0 & \xrightarrow{F} & \mathcal{C} & \xleftarrow{\xi} & \mathcal{L}(X) \\ & \searrow G & \downarrow \theta & & \swarrow \psi \\ & & \mathcal{D} & & \end{array}$$

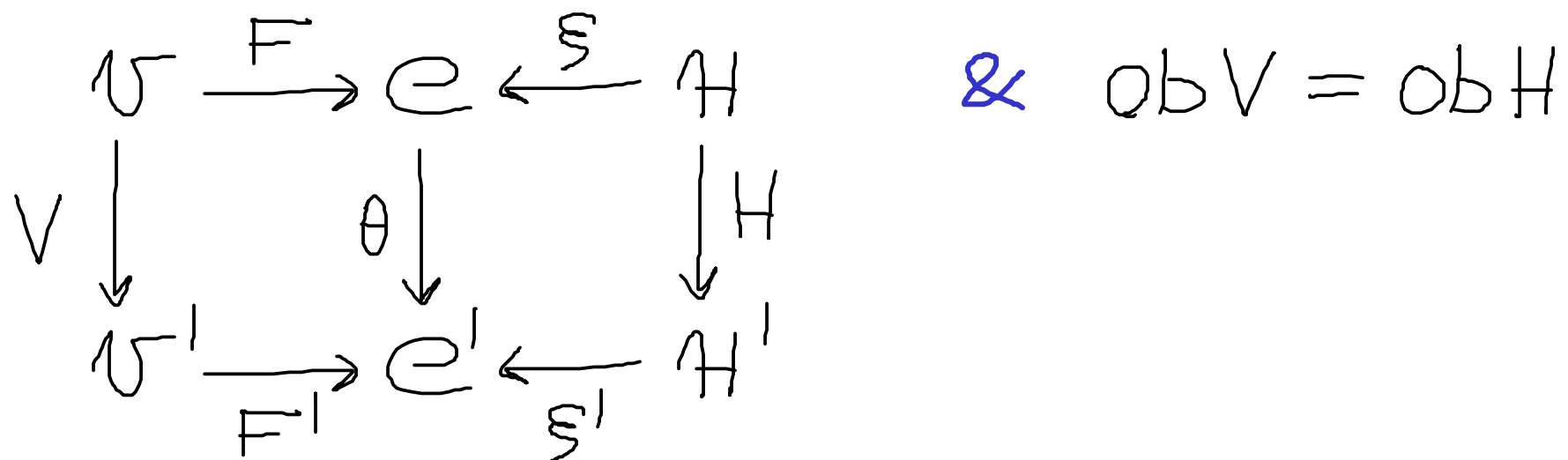
DEFINE A CATEGORY **Cocone** $\subseteq \text{Cat}$ $\bullet \rightarrow \bullet \leftarrow \bullet$

WITH OBJECTS $V \xrightarrow{F} C \xleftarrow{\xi} H$

PAIRS OF FUNCS S.T. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ob } V = \text{ob } H \\ \text{ob } F = \text{ob } \xi \end{array} \right.$

MORPHISMS $(F', \xi') \rightarrow (F'', \xi'')$

TRIPLES (V, θ, H) S.T.



GIVEN A COCONE $\mathcal{V} \xrightarrow{F} \mathcal{C} \xleftarrow{\mathcal{S}} \mathcal{H}$

CONSTRUCT A DOUBLE CATEGORY $D_{F, \mathcal{S}}$

S.T. OBJECTS: $ob \mathcal{V}$

HMORS: $mor \mathcal{H}$

VMORS: $mor \mathcal{V}$

SQUARES:

$$\exists \quad \begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{m} & b \\ e \downarrow & \Downarrow \alpha & \downarrow e' \\ c & \xrightarrow{m'} & d \end{array} \iff \begin{array}{ccc} Fa & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{S}(a)} & Fb \\ Fm \downarrow & // & \downarrow Fm' \\ Fc & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{S}(b)} & Fd \end{array} \text{ IN } \mathcal{C}$$

THM THERE IS AN ADJUNCTION:

$$\text{Cocone} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\text{CoD}(-)} \\ \perp \\ \xrightarrow{D} \end{array} \text{DbI}$$

- THE LEFT ADJOINT SENDS X
TO ITS COLIMIT COCONE

COR THE ADJUNCTION RESTRICTS
TO EQUIVALENCES

- $\text{SES} \cong \text{CoDDisc}$
- $\text{OES} \cong \text{FactDbI}$

ALSO: $\text{WES} \cong \text{FULL SUBCAT OF DbI}$

(*1)

FOR A DOUBLE CATEGORY SATISFYING

①, ②, DENOTE $F_X: \mathcal{N}(X) \rightarrow \text{Chk}(X)$

$$\begin{array}{c} a \\ \mu \downarrow \\ b \end{array} \mapsto [\mu, 1]$$

$$\xi_X: \mathcal{L}(X) \rightarrow \text{Chk}(X)$$

$$(a \xrightarrow{\eta} b) \mapsto [1, \eta]$$

THE PAIR (F_X, ξ_X) IS THE CODESCENT
OBJECT OF X

RECALL $X = \text{Abs}_{\text{Sq}}(\mathcal{C})^{\text{N}}$, $\text{Cnk}(X) = \text{Span}(\mathcal{C})$

THM (UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF SPANS)

LET \mathcal{C} CAT¹RY W/ PBS.

FOR ANY PAIR $\mathcal{C}^{\text{OP}} \xrightarrow{G} \mathcal{E} \xleftarrow{\psi} \mathcal{C}$

WITH THE PROPERTY THAT

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 a \xrightarrow{m} b & & Ga \xrightarrow{\psi m} Gb \\
 e \uparrow \lrcorner \uparrow e' & \Rightarrow & Ge \downarrow \parallel \downarrow Ge' \\
 c \xrightarrow{m'} d & & Gc \xrightarrow{\psi m'} Gd
 \end{array}
 \text{ IN } \mathcal{C} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{IN } \mathcal{E}$$

THERE IS A UNIQUE FUN $\text{Span}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{\theta} \mathcal{E}$

S.T. $\theta \left(\begin{array}{c} a \\ w \uparrow \\ b \rightarrow c \end{array} \right) = \psi g \circ Gw$

(*2)

$\text{CoD}(-)$

$\text{Cocone} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow \perp \\ \rightarrow \\ \text{D} \end{matrix} \text{DbI}$ IS AN IDEMPOTENT ADJUNCTION

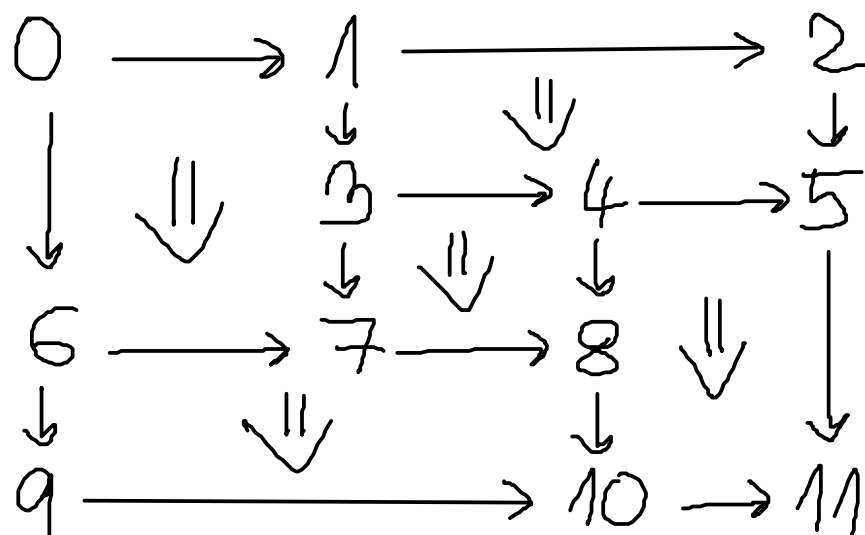
AS SUCH, GIVES IDEMPOTENT MONAD

$$\tilde{T} \hookrightarrow \text{DbI}$$

- $\forall X \in \text{DbI}, \tilde{T}X$ IS FLAT

BUT NOT EVERY FLAT DOUBLE CAT

IS OF THIS FORM, CONSIDER:



CLEARLY NOT $\tilde{T}X \cong X$

(* 3)

A WORD ON LAX MORPHISM CLASSIFIERS

EVERY STRICT MONCAT $(\mathcal{A}, \otimes, \mathbb{I})$

GIVES A DOUBLE CAT'RY $\text{Res}(\mathcal{A}, \otimes, \mathbb{I})$

OB: $(a_1, \dots, a_m), a_i \in \text{ob } \mathcal{A}$

HMOR: **PARTIAL EVALUATION**

E.G. $(a_1, a_2, a_3) \longrightarrow (a_1 \otimes a_2, a_3, \mathbb{I})$

VMOR: $(f_1, \dots, f_m), f_i \in \text{mor } \mathcal{A}$

THE TRANSPOSE OF $\text{Res}(\mathcal{A}, \otimes, \mathbb{I})$

IS A CODOMAIN-DISCR DOUBLE CAT

\rightarrow CAN COMPUTE COLIMIT

DENOTE $\text{Cnf}(U) := \text{Cnf}(\text{Res}(U, \otimes, \mathbb{I})^T)$

OB: $(a_1, \dots, a_m), a_i \in \text{ob}U$

MOR: $(a_1, a_2, a_3) \longrightarrow (a_1 \otimes a_2, a_3, \mathbb{I})$
 $\downarrow (\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3)$
 $(\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3)$

- ADMITS A STRICT MONOIDAL STRUCTURE
 $(a_1, \dots, a_m) \boxplus (a'_1, \dots, a'_m) = (a_1, \dots, a_m, a'_1, \dots, a'_m)$
W/ UNIT $()$
- ADMITS A STRICT FACT. SYSTEM

FACT: IT CLASSIFIES
LAX MONOIDAL FUNCTORS

$\forall (F, \bar{F})$ LAX MONOIDAL
 $\exists ! F'$ STRICT MONOIDAL

S.T. $(A, \otimes, I) \rightsquigarrow (Chk(A), \boxplus, ())$
 $(F, \bar{F}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ (B, \odot, I') \end{array} \right. \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \\ F' \end{array}$

SAME STORY FOR LAX FUNCTORS,
LAX DOUBLE FUNCTORS,
LAX NAT TRS' (...)

(* 4)

LET X A GENERAL DOUBLE CAT'RY.

WHAT IS THE **FORMULA** FOR $\text{CoD}(X)$?

$\text{Ob}(X)$ **OB:** $\text{ob} X$

MOR: EQUIVALENCE CLASSES OF
PATHS $[f_1, \dots, f_n]$ W/ f_i EITHER
HMOR OR VMOR

CONGRUENCE GENERATED BY:

- \exists
$$\begin{array}{ccc} a & \xrightarrow{m} & b \\ e \downarrow & \Downarrow d & \downarrow e' \\ c & \xrightarrow{m'} & d \end{array} \Rightarrow (m, e') \sim (e, m')$$
- $(f_1 \circ f_2) \sim (f_2 \circ f_1)$ IF f_i BOTH VMOR OR HMOR
- $(1_a) \sim ()$ IF 1_a HORIZ ID OR VERT. ID

EXAMPLE IF \mathcal{C} CATEGORY REGARDED
AS DOUBLE CAT'RY \mathbb{C} ,
 $\text{Cnt}(\mathbb{C}) \cong \mathcal{C}$

EXAMPLE $\text{Cnt}(\text{Sq}(\mathcal{C})) \cong \mathcal{C}$

EXAMPLE $\text{Cnt}(\text{Sq}(\mathcal{C})^{\text{N}}) \cong \mathcal{C} [\text{mor} \mathcal{C}^{-1}]$

THOUGHTS, IDEAS



- * ARE THERE NON-FLAT DOUBLE CATS WITH BICARTESIAN SQS?
- * WHAT IS THE DOUBLE CATEGORICAL COUNTERPART OF $SFS \rightarrow OFS$
 $(E, \mathcal{M}) \mapsto (\tilde{E}, \tilde{\mathcal{M}})$

* GIVEN OFS $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ ON \mathcal{C} , DOES $D_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}}$ HAVE ANY (CO)LIMITS ?

* HOW TO DESCRIBE DOUBLE CATS OF FORM $D_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}}$ FOR A WFS $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ IN ELEMENTARY TERMS ?

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THANK YOU
FOR YOUR ATTENTION.

